Letter from Taizé

BIMONTHLY 3.50 FF

APROPERTYMAN 1988 / 2
Graduate Theological Union

At the end of this year:
An intercontinental meeting
in MADRAS
and a European meeting

MAR 08 1988



he Christian community in Rome elcomes you and wishes to open its part to you, as it has opened its omes. You have come to Rome to eet the living Jesus, in the communant and friendship of many brothers nited in prayer." Cardinal Poletti, icar of the Pope for the city of Rome.

th December 1987 - 2nd January 1988: wasn't a week like all the others for the hristian communities of the city of Rome ho had welcomed young Europeans of ery tongue, from the north and the uth, and also 5,000 from Eastern urope, including for the first time a ousand Hungarians. 250 parishes opened idely their doors and bent over backards to lodge and accompany these pilims who had chosen to spend the end of e year in this way. Sleeping with families on the floor in classrooms transformed to dormitories, picknicking on the uares outside the basilicas, meeting tother at midday and in the evening in the ree largest churches of the city to pray, ng, and meditate in silence, spending eir mornings in the parishes that welmed them: Spanish, Danish, Slovenes, ermans, Hungarians in one such parish; ortuguese, Croats, Scottish, Finnish, olish, Italians in another, reflecting with eir Roman hosts upon the theme: "inner fe and human solidarity".

his European Meeting, the third at ome, the tenth in all, was very much arked by the presence of young Asians, fricans, South Americans, especially inted to spend some weeks in Taizé, then Rome, and finally to visit young Euroeans in their parishes and local comunities.

Many young people who are attentive to the Church,"said Brother Roger, "know that Christ in the Mystery of Communion that is the Church is being forsaken in vast egions of Europe. For centuries, the Gosel has been transmitted mainly from Europe. This year, it appeared essential that young Christians from the Southern continents come to bring the Gospel in its freshness, in visiting these communities of communities which are the parishes. And all of us, what are we preparing ourselves for? For a springtime of the Church, in Europe as elsewhere."

The Pope understood very well the trust in God and in the young that are so characteristic of the meetings in Taizé. It was in the same tone that on 30th December he addressed the young people in a packed St. Peter's Basilica:

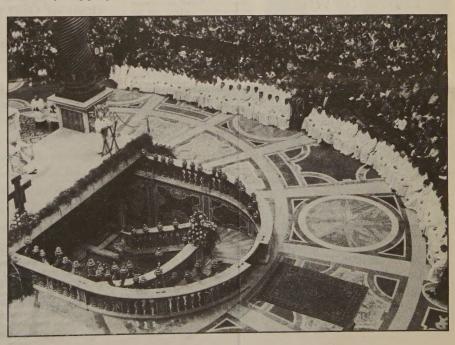
"It is because I share that trust and that hope that I wanted to stop in Taizé during my last pastoral visit to France last year. These days, dear young people, you are the ones stopping in Rome during your "pilgrimage of trust on earth". You have chosen to stop here, to meet the Pope and the faithful of his diocese, and to pray with them in these places where the apostles Peter and Paul shed their blood out of faithfulness to Christ. It is a joy and an encouragement for us to receive you."

In his message, the Pope said that he was worried by the same preoccupations as the young people; lack of unity among Christians, suffering of victims of famine and armed conflicts, abuse of human rights, the future of young people and of humanity.

"I too am called to be a pilgrim of trust in the name of Christ," he added. "I ask you to pray for me." The tone was simple, warm and accessible to all. His message concluded an hour of prayers and songs in several languages. The 30,000 young people and their hosts had stayed crowded, cramped and standing in the basilica, singing, attentive and recollected.

When the lights went out in the basilica, the doors poured forth a multicoloured stream onto the square where night had fallen. Like each evening, the 16 vans of the meal distribution were waiting, arranged in line, filled with white plastic bags and tinfoil trays in which were the meals (in one week 240,000 meals were distributed in this way). For the space of an hour, St. Peter's Square took on the image, never seen before, of an immense camp in joyful dance, until John Paul II, like the welcoming head of the household, came to his window: "Buona notte a tutti!"

St. Peter's basilica, 30th December 1987. "Most Holy Father, we are all very happy to be here with you and to pray at the heart of this unique communion which is the Church." (Brother Roger) "The Pope feels deeply committed with you in this 'pilgrimage of trust on earth'". (Pope John Paul II)



Pilgrims welcomed at Rome...



"Each day during the European Meeting, I saw the three great churches of St. John Lateran, St. Mary Major and St. Mary of the Angels transform themselves. In the morning, they were sights, beautiful historic monuments. At midday and in the evening, they suddenly became living churches, paved with young people in prayer". A priest from Lebanon.

The invisible presence of Christ in you.

For reflection or discussion on the first part of the Letter from Ethiopia, here is a presentation of a Bible reading: 2 Corinthians 4.6-10.(This passage was used in one of the workshops offered at Rome.)

"God is present for each human being". The apostle Paul recalls the first word of God at the creation of the universe: "From darkness, let light shine forth". Light witnesses to God's presence. In the Scriptures, it is a symbol of the goodness of God who gives life to all creatures. The light which our eyes see shows us in advance the Light of Christ. By him, "God has shone forth in our hearts".

"Perhaps this fire is under ashes and no longer gives light". We carry the treasure of the Gospel within us in "clay jars". Our life can seem so insignificant that, forgetting the hidden treasure, Christ who lives in us, we are tempted to go and search for it elsewhere.

"Baptism had been the mark of an invisible presence." Saint Paul describes the trials of his Christian life. But, united with Christ through baptism, he can say that his sufferings are those of Jesus, and that the life of the Risen Christ is his life too.are tempted to go and search for it elsewhere.

What are the marks and signs that help me to discern the invisible presence of Christ in others and in myself? Where can the courage not to flee from the poverty of the clay jars that we are, but to love the treasure which is placed there, be found?

"How can we search for the most exsential during these days in Rome? What we can all hope for is to discover how to give our trust to God and his Christ. And how can we find the vitality to do this right to the end of our life?

Many say to themselves: I have so little trust, I have so little faith, not even as much as a little mustard seed.

I would like to reply to each person: this trust, however small, is enough for you. So go forward. You already have everythin; in order to live from Christ.

And behold, you discover that Jesus, the Risen One, comes for each human being for those who know him as for those who don't yet know him. He is very close to you, he is in you. He affirms this in his Gospel: My Kingdom, which is to say my life, is within you.

So, you will reply to him: Jesus, you who love me, do not look upon my sins but of the faith of your Church, of all those who trust you, from Mary and the Apostles right up to all of us today.

From now on, from this evening, whereveryou are, may your heart rejoice: the King dom of God is amongst us."

Brother Roger in Rome

In the catacombs, to pray in communion with those who have gone before us in the faith and who went on to the very end in their "yes" to Christ, leads us on in the way of the



Someone suggested that I say somening about a "yes" for life, and about how understood this when I was your age. When the decision to make a committment or my whole life became clear, I only had one reply to give: "I know that by myself don't have the strength, but I know even nore that the Holy Spirit, the Spirit of the disen Christ, is strong enough, he will give the day after day that which is necessary, the inner ability to hold on until the death, until everlasting life".

was conscious that I wasn't entering toon an easy path. When I was very roung, I was already certain that great hings are not created by taking easy ways but. I felt that God calls each person to be creator with him, among other things to be a creator of trust and human solidarity.

n the Gospel, there is a story which recalls the "yes" for life: when the boat is caught in a storm, the apostle Peter sees lesus on the lake: wanting to join him, Peter steps out of the boat, but he is rightened of sinking into the water: Christ says only one word to him: "Come".

lesus says this "come" to us all our lives. And when temptations arise, which Jesus has already known, he is there to pull us away from this trial and says again to us come"...

Brother Roger in Rome

■ "To be a pilgrim of the trust of Christ, it is essential to accomplish an inner pilgimage each day within ourselves, searching for the light of Christ, going to meet the person of Christ, who in the peace of prayer makes himself a pilgrim with us. Meditating on his Word, we are able to understand to which point he loves us. At the same time we become conscious that he isn't alone, that we can and we must love him in his Body of which he is the Head as Saint Paul affirms (cf. Col 1.18). This Body is the Church of which we become members by baptism, and where the love of Christ unites us and encourages us by the word of God and the sacrements. We also come to understand that Christ sends us out to announce the Good News to others, which means to everyone, he who is the friend of all men and women and consequently wishes for their salvation."

The Pope John Paul II at St. Peter's

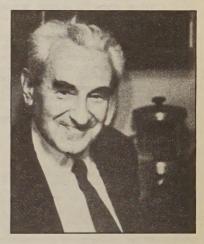
ADJEBOUCH
is Ethiopian. She is suffering
from leprosy and has had
both legs amputated.
Mother of several children,
she was abandoned by her
husband when her illness
began eleven years ago.
Brother Roger met her on
Christmas Day in Addis
Abeba. All around her she
radiates trust of heart and
the courage of a faith that is



1988 Gandhi Prize

On January 1st each year, the Gandhi Prize, created at the time of the intercontinental meeting in Madras, is given to often hidden and even unknown people, who consecrate themselves to the estabishment of trust among peoples and through trust, to peace. In the Basilica of St. John Lateran in Rome, a young Haitian and a child announced the names of three people from three continents who had been awarded the 1988 Gandhi Prize (which carries no gift of money).

JERZY TUROWICZ, from Cracow took part in the Polish resistance during World War II. He is the founder (1945) and became tounder (1945) and became the main writer of a Polish catholic weekly, known for its strong and firm positions, called "Tygodnik Powszechny". A man of dialogue and great openess, he has always searched to understand new ways of thought and to defend, without compromise, basic human rights. 75 years of age this man, discrete, of great honesty, and great generosity, is a reference point, even a master, for numerous Polish intellectuals. His unshakeable trust in the human person, his universal heart, his concern for communion between people of different horizons, have lead him not to spare any effort in opening paths of reconciliation between persons and peoples, in particular between the Polish people and neighbouring peoples.



MARGARETTE JULIEN
is 26 years old and from Haiti.
Inhabited by a love for the poorest
of her people, she knows how to
give of herself in situations that
are full of risk. From the death of
her parents, she has lived in a
shanty town of Port au Prince.
There, she animates small "basic
chuch communities" where
deepening of the faith and prayer
are inseparable from human



committment at the heart of the Church...

Ethiopia

Just before the European Meeting last December, Brother Roger went to Ethiopia. For the past few years, the people there have been going through great trials. There is the threat of a new famine because the drought has destroyed the harvest in several provinces. The Ethiopians are one of the greatest and most ancient Christian peoples of Africa. Traditions of prayer and pilgimage are alive. A hundred Orthodox monasteries are the focus of the life of faith. It is also the Christians, who are under-taking, with little means, the large task of aid to the poorest of the poor: food distribution, care of chidren suffering from malnutrition, welcome of families of lepers... It is to help this emergency relief that an appeal has been launched: 300 dollars is enough to support a family for a year.

Gifts can be sent to the following address Gifts can be sent to the following addresses: UK: "Operation Hope", Bank Account no. 44495090, Coutts and Co., Duncannon Branch, 440 Strand, LONDON WC2R 0QS. • USA: "Operation Hope", c/o Taizé, 413 W. 48th Street, NEW YORK, N.Y. 10036. • IRELAND, CANADA, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, SOUTH AFRICA, etc.: gifts can be sent in the same way as sums for subscriptions to the Letter from Taizé, making sure to indicate with your payment "for Operation Hope".

"You know little of Christ, but if you can communicate to others what you have understood, your heart grows larger.

If all of you, as soon as you get home, without delay, would set off with the very little that you have understood of the Gospel, if all of you took this risk in order to make possible a continuity of Christ, in the face of many people's indifference, then your heart will be opened through different stages and you will become fully alive. If we were all to set off like this, we could animate a new springtime of the Church."

Brother Roger in Rome



■ "To welcome Christ who loves us; to love Christ i the communion of love which is the Church; to mak ourselves available to Christ who send us to ou brothers and sisters: these are three basic attitudes s that we may undertake a pilgrimage of trust on the earth. For this reason, some of you travel from on continent to another and cover great distances. But a of you can be pilgrims of trust in the places where yo live, where you work or study, within your familie and in your parishes. In communion with the Church it is your task to act in the places where you are, for th sake of reconciliation and sharing, to build peace; i order to fight against injustices and in order to allevial suffering."

Pope John Paul II in St. Peter's

... as pilgrims of trust across the earth

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Meditating on the word

These short readings. taken from the midday prayer in Taizé, can be read several times during the day. The references indicate longer readings. If you have time to read only one, the one in bold type is suggested.

May

as these.

his song of the merciful love f God gives us a key for undertanding Jesus' beatitude Happy the pure in heart..." (Mt .8). There is no danger that the salmist may think purity of eart to be a consequence of uman effort. On the contrary, e is very conscious of his mits and the lack of harmony etween the reality of his life nd what the Lord asks of him. My sin is always before me" v. 3). He knows too that exeriour ritual does not give God iny pleasure (v. 16), but rather sincerity of heart " (v. 6). From hese depths all the rest of life comes (cf. Lk 6.43-45).

But how can we discover this essential clearness of heart? for the psalmist, it can only be he work of God within him, the effect of God's "unfailing love" and unbounded goodness. Full of trust, he dares to make his brayer in these words: "Create n me a clean heart, O God... 10). And God's forgiveness s thus revealed not to be just an attitude or feeling, but a creative act by which a new beginning becomes possible within the life of a human being becomes possible (v. 13-15).

Finally the psalmist has this radiant intuition: "Sacrifice (pleasing) to God is a broken spirit, a contrite heart." (v. 17). This is not a doleful attitude, as it might seem at first sight, it does not involve scorn of self or a wish for self-destruction. The person with a broken heart is a someone who recognises their own limits and who knows that they need God's continual mercy in order to live. A "broken "spirit is the opposite of arrogant self-sufficiency; it implies availability and inward openness. In fact, it is the attitude of the tax collector in the parable of the Pharisee and the Tax Collector (Lk 18.9-14).

Uuestions for reflection: What biblical pictures or parables help us to understand God's merciful love? How can we root our lives in this merciful love? In this psalm, a "pure heart" and a "broken heart" are two faces of one reality: how can this be so?

Acts 9.26-31 SUN John 15.1-8 When our hearts condemn us, God is greater than our hearts and knows all things. 1 John 3.18-24

Exodus 3.1-6 Jn 5.41,43-44 2 Mon The wisdom that comes from above is pure, peaceable, kindly and considerate; it is full of mercy and shows itself by doing good; nor is there is any trace of partiality or hypocrisy in it.

James 3.13.16-18

Jm 4.4-12 3 Tue Jn 14.1-10a The Lord says: I have seen the misery of my people. I have heard them crying for help because of their oppressors, yes, I am aware of their sufferings. Ex 3.7-12

Ex 3.13-14 4 Wed Jn 14.10b-14 Be patient, do not lose heart. Do not grumble against each other, so as not to be brought to judge-Jm 5.7-9a ment yourselves.

Jm 5.10-16 Jn 14.15-21 5 Thu Moses said to God, "I have never been eloquent." But the Lord said to him, "Go now, I shall help you speak and teach you what to say. Ex 4.10-15

Ex 6.5-9 6 Fri Jn 14.23-26 God is faithful, and has called you into fellowship with his Son Jesus Christ. 1 Corinthians 1.1-10

Ex 13.17-22 Jesus said: Peace I leave you, my own peace I give you; a peace that the world cannot give, this is my gift to you. Do not let your hearts be troubled or afraid. Jn 14.27-29

Ac 10.25-48 1 Jn 4.7-10 Jesus said: You did not choose me, no, I chose you and I commissioned you to go out and bear Jn 15.9-17

1 Cor 1.17-25 Jn 15.1-5 Moses said to the people: Do not be afraid! Stand firm, and you will see what God will do to rescue you today. Ex 14.11-14 you today.

Ex 15.1-2,13 10 Tue Jn 15.7-12 God chose those who by human standards are weak to shame the strong; he chose those who, in the world, count for nothing.

1 Cor 1.26-31

Ex 16.2-36 Wed We announce what no eye has seen and no ear has heard, what the mind of man cannot visualize; all that God has prepared for those who love him. 1 Cor 2.1-9

Ac 1.1-11 Mk 16.15-20 12 Thu ASCENSION May God enlighten the eyes of

your heart for you to see what hope his call holds for you.

Ephesians 1.17-23

Ex 19.3-6 Jn 15.18-21 We have not received the spirit of the world but the Spirit who is from God, that we may understand what God has freely given us. 1 Cor 2.10-16

14 Sat Ex 20.1-3,12-17 Jesus said to his disciples: When the Spirit of truth comes, who issues from the Father, he will bear witness to me. Jn 15.26-16.4

Ac 1.15-26 1 Jn 4.11-16 $15 \, \text{sun}$ Jesus prayed to his Father for his disciples, saying: Keep those whom you have given me in your name, so that they may be one as Jn 17.11-19

16 Mon 16.5-15 Fix your eyes on God and your face will grow bright, you will never hang your head in shame.

Ps 34

17 Tue Ex 33.12-17 1 Cor 3.10-16 Jesus said to his disciples: You are sad now, but I shall see you again, and your hearts will be full of joy, and that joy no one shall take from you.

Jn 16.16-23a

Ex 33.18-23 Jn 16.23b-33 18 Wed Paul writes: Everything belongs to you; but you belong to Christ and Christ belongs to God.

1 Cor 3.18-23

Ex 34.29-33 19 Thu 1 Cor 4.1-5 After Jesus' Ascension, the disciples returned to Jerusalem full of joy, and they were continually in the Temple praising God.

Lk 24.49-53

Ex 40.36-38 Jn 17.1-8 20 Fri Paul writes: When we are cursed, we answer with a blessing; when we are persecuted, we endure it, when we are slandered, we ans-1 Cor 4.6b-13 wer kindly.

2 | Sat Jn 17.18-26 The Lord says: I will pour out my Spirit on all humanity. Joel 3.1-5

Ac 2.1-11 $22 \, \text{sun}$ Jn 15.26-16.15

PENTECOST Paul writes: Be guided by the Spirit, and you will not be under the Law. The fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, patience, kind-ness ... trustfulness and self-con-trol; no law can touch things such

Galatians 5.16-25

23 Mon Hosea 2.16-22 Ac 2.14-21 Jesus, as he realised that they were about to come and make him king by force, withdrew again to a mountainside alone. Jn 6.1-15

Ac 2.36-41 24 Tue Jn 6.16-21 Let us strive to know the Lord; that he will come is as certain as the dawn. He will come to us like a shower, like the rain of springtime to the earth. Hos 6.1-6

Ac 4.32-35 Jn 6.22-27 Wed Sow in justice and reap a harvest of faithful love. It is time to seek out the Lord. Hos 10.12

Hos 11.1-4 26 Thu 1 Cor 4.14-17 The crowd said to Jesus, "What must we do to carry out God's work?" Jesus replied, "The work of God is this: to believe in the one he has sent."

Jn 6.28-35

Hos 11.7-9 1 Cor 7.29-31 Jesus said: I have come not to do my will, but the will of the One who Jn 6.37-40 sent me.

28 Sat Jn 6.41-50 I will love my people with all my heart, says the Lord, and I shall cure them of their disloyalty. Hos 14.2-6

29 SUN Deuteronomy 4.32-40 Romans 8.14-17

The Risen Christ said: Look, I am with you always; yes, to the end of time. Matthew 28.16-20

Amos 5.4-24 30 Mon Jn 6.51-58 Paul writes: Preaching the gospel gives me nothing to boast of, it is a necessity for me. 1 Cor 9.16-23

Am 7.12-15 1 Cor 9.24-27 31 Tue Seeing that many people were forseeing that many people were for-saking him, Jesus asked the Twelve, "What about you, do you want to go away too?" Simon Peter answered, "Lord, to whom shall we go? You have the words of eternal life." Jn 6.60-69 June

Meditating on the word

Amos 8.11 John 7.14-18 1 Cor 10.1-13 Wed In the daytime God sends his faithful love, and even at night; the song it inspires in me is a prayer to the God of my life.

Jonah 2.2-10 Jn 7.24-30 Thu The bread that we break, is it not a sharing in the body of Christ? Since there is one loaf, we, who are many, are one body, for we all share in the one loaf.

1 Cor 10.16-17

Micah 2.12-13 Fri 1 Cor 10.23-24,31-11.1 Jesus cried out: Let anyone who is thirsty come to me! Let anyone who believes in me come and Jn 7.37-44

4 Sat Jn 8.1-11 Days will come when many peoples will come and say: "Let us go up to the mountain of the Lord, so that he may teach us his ways." And they will hammer their swords into ploughshares and their spears into bill-hooks.

Ex 24.3 Mark 14.12-16,22-26 **Hebrews 9.11-15** SUN I rise before dawn and cry for help. I put my hope in your word, Lord. My eyes stay open through the watches of the night to ponder your promise. Ps 119.145-152

Mi 5.1-4a 1 Cor 11.23-26 Jesus said: I am the light of the world. Anyone who follows me will not be walking in the dark but will have the light of life. Jn 8.12-16

Mi 6.1-5 Tue Jn 8.26b-30 There are different kinds of spiritual gifts, but it is always the same Spirit; there are different ways of serving, but it is always the same Lord; there are different forms of activity, but in everybody it is the same God who is at work in them all. 1 Cor 12.1-6

8 Wed 1 Cor 12.7-11 This is what the Lord wants of you, only this: to act with justice, to love mercy and to walk humbly with your God.

Mi 6.6-8

Mi 7.18-20 Jn 8.50-54,56-59 9 Thu Just as the body is one although it has many parts, so it is with Christ. 1 Cor 12.12-22

1 Cor 12.26-31 The Lord is good. He recognises those who trust in him even in times of trouble. Nahum 1.7-8a

Sat Jn 9.24-38 I shall stay awake, watching to see what God will say to me. And the Lord answered me and said: "The upright will live through faithful-Habak 1.2-3,12-13;2.1-4 ness.

Ezekiel 17.22-24 2 Cor 5.6-10 SUN Jesus said: This is what the kingdom of God is like. A man scatters seed on the land. Night and day, whether he is awake or asleep, the seed sprouts and grows without him knowing how. Mk 4.26-34

Lamentations 3.22-26 Mk 1.1-8 Mon Even if I can fathom all mysteries and all knowledge, even if I have a faith that can move mountains, if I am without love then I am nothing. 1 Cor 13.1-7

1 Cor 13.8-13 Mk 1.9-13 14 Tue You came near when I called you, Lord, and you said, "Do not be af-Lm 3.55-58

Proverbs 3.3-7 1 Cor 15.1-11 Wed Jesus said: The kingdom of God is close at hand. Repent, and be-Mk 1.14-20 lieve the gospel.

Pr 3.27-31 10 Thu 1 Cor 15.12-20 Jesus taught in the synagogue. And his teaching made a deep impression on them because, unlike the scribes, he taught them with authority. Mk 1.21-28

Pr 4.18,20-27 Mk 1.35-39 Paul writes: If Christ has not been raised then our message is empty and so is your faith. But Christ has indeed been raised from the dead. For just as all die in Adam, so in Christ all will be brought to life.

1 Cor 15.12-28

Pr 8.22-23,27-31 Mk 1.40-45 18 Sat My hope is in you, Lord, save me from my sins. I keep silence, I will speak no more, since it is you who are at work.

Job 38.8-11 Mk 4.35-41 SUN Christ died for all people, that those who live should live no longer for themselves but for him who died and was raised to life for them. 2 Cor 5,14-17

1 Cor 15.42-58 Mk 2.1-12 20 Mon Happy is the one who trusts in the Lord and is attentive to the Word. Pr 16.9,19-20,32

These short readings, taken from the midday prayer in Taizé, can be read several times during the day. The references indicate longer readings. If you have time to read only one, the one in bold type is suggested.

Pr 23 15-18 Acts 9.31-35 Tue Jesus said: I have not come to call the righteous, but sinners

Mk 2.13-17

Ac 9.36-42 Mk 2.18-22 Pr 30.5-9 Wed The salvation of the just comes from God. He is their refuge in times of trouble.

Leviticus 19.1-2,15-18 Mk 2.23-3.6 Thu Peter said: I now really understand that God has no favourites, but that in every nation he loves those who revere him and act with jus-Ac 10.24-28,34-35 tice

Luke 1.57-66,80 Mk 3.7-19 24 Fri ST JOHN-THE-BAPTIST I thought, "My toil has been futile. I have exhausted myself for no-thing." Yet all the while my cause was with the Lord and my reward

with my God. Sat Mk 3.20-27 God says: The foreigners living with you in your land must be treated as those who are nativeborn. Love them as yourself — for you yourselves were once aliens.

Leviticus 19.33-34

Isaiah 49.1-6

Wisdom 1.13-2.24 Mk 5.21-43 26 SUN Be generous, for you know the generosity of our Lord Jesus Christ who became poor for your 2 Cor 8.7-15

Mon Ac 10.44-11.3.15-18 Jesus said: Whoever does God's will is my brother and sister and mother Mk 3.31-35

28 Tue Num 6.22-26 Ac 13.28-33.38-39 You hold me by my right hand, Lord; you guide me by your counsel. And earth has nothing I desire besides you. Ps 73

29 Wed Ac 12.1-11

2 Timothy 4.6-8,17-18 SS PETER AND PAUL Jesus asked his disciples, "Who do people say the Son of Man is?" And they said, "Some say John the Baptist, some Elijah, and others Jeremiah or one of the prophets." "But you," he said, "who do you say I am?" Simon

Peter spoke up and said, "You are the Christ, the Son of the living Mt 16.13-19

Nb 11.24-29 Ac 13.44-49 Jesus said in a parable: Some, like seeds sown in good soil, hear the word, accept it, and bear much fruit. Mk 4.13-20

Johannine Hours

1 Samuel 3.1-10

Johannine hours are suggested as a way of seeking God in silence and prayer, in the midst of our life at home. During the course of the day (if possible, two days in the same week) take a couple of hours to read the Bible passages with the short commentary and to reflect on the questions which follow. Afterwards, the group (3 to 10 people) meet together to share what they have discovered and perhaps for a time of praver.

Samuel is only a child. There nothing in the way he acts to pre sage that he is to receive a communication from God. But on night, in his bed, he hears some one calling him by name. He ready and willing to respond an he goes to Eli the priest who how ever had not called him. It is only after the third time that the young Samuel understands, with Eli' help, that it is God who is calling and he replies, "Speak, Lord, for your servant is listening.

n the Bible, a name holds a per son's whole identity. God alone i able to to call us by our truiname, since he alone knows the ground of our being. Indeed, hi calling is an invitation to discover our real identity during a pilgrim age made in company with him. is a pressing invitation ("Samue Samuel!"), and one which is re peated, for God never forsake

Sometimes we too, when w hear the gentle resonance c God's call in the midst of ou night, mistake its origin. We try to respond, but do not know ver well how to set about it. We are like Jesus' disciples when the say to him that they do not know the way to go to join him (cf. John 14.4-5).

It can be essential for us to dis cover someone like Eli, anothe believer, perhaps a man c woman who is already old: some one who can listen to us and who can help us read God's calling deep within ourselves; someon who can help us become what w are: servants of God.

Uuestions for reflection Through what events is God ca ling me? What is the name known only to him, that God ha given me? How can I better hea God's calling? Who has player the role of Eli in my life? A servar is not a slave but someone wh acts in place of another: wha does it mean for me to be a "sel vant of God"?



AND THE INTERCONTINENTAL MEETINGS

Practical information

uring Holy Week, it is possible to arrive on any day om Palm Sunday onwards. Some just come for the nd of the week on Good Fiday or Holy Saturday, ne welcome for the following week begins on Easne welcom r Monday.

or young people aged 17-30 years, weeklong eetings throughout the year. Arrival on Sunday attrioon, departure the following Sunday midday. It also possible to come for a weekend, from Friday Sunday. Staying a second week, in silence or to elp with the welcome, proves to be an essential exerience for some young people: write in advance or beak with a brother about this on arrival.

peak with a brother about this on arrival.

or young people aged 15-16 years: They may
ome provided that they are accompanied by
nough adults. Write beforehand to receive full infornation. Possible dates: March 27 - April 17 (Easter
olidays), May 28 - June 5 (half term), October 22-30
alf term). It is also possible for groups who come uring the summer to include a small number of 15-

6 year olds.

dults over thirty: are welcome for periods of one yeek (Sunday to Sunday) between Easter and early lovember. (Also possible to come just for a yeekend: Friday afternoon to Sunday). Because of mited space please write in advance and await the

arents with children: from March 20 - April 17 nd from the end of June to mid-September, each veek the families form a discussion group together. rrival on Sunday and departure the following Sun-

lay.

Participation in costs: There are three accounts at aizé, one for the community and two for the welcome:

The account of the community: the community acbepts no gifts, presents, or personal inheritances of prothers for itself. Its only source of income is from the sown work. If at the end of the year it has any surplus, then this is given to the welcome for repair

work.
The two accounts of the welcome: the cost of the velcome is not financed by any organisation. Its only ncome is comes from people sharing in the costs day by day and from contributions to the Solidarity Fund (thanks to this Fund, it is possible to welcome

young people who are not able to contribute, wholly or only partially, to the cost of their stay).

Participation in costs covers meals, accommodation and other costs for the welcome. Currencies of different countries vary in value, so the amount different countries vary in value, so the amount beople contribute varies. Each person contributes what they can. Suggested prices (1988) in French Francs per day – For young people under thirty: GB and Scand: 25 to 32, IRL: 22-29, USA, Can., Aus.: 32-39. And for adults: GB and Scand: 55-65 (in tent), 70-80 (dormitory), 85-100 (room). IRL: 47-57 (tent), 58-68 (dormitory), 75-90 (room). USA, Can., Aus.: 69-79 (tent), 79-89 (dormitory), 95-110 (room). Please pay on arrival and in Francs (cash or French Franc Travellers' Cheques). There are no facilities at Taizé for changing money: do so before coming. Taizé for changing money: do so before coming. Those who wish to may also contribute to the Soldarity Fund whilst at Taizé or else by sending a Eurocheque or International Bank Draft in French Francs payable to "Taizé - Solidarity Fund"

Coach travel from London to Taizé direct and re-turn for Easter and throughout the summer. All de-tails from: St Peter's Coaches, 4, Penerley Road, London SE6 2LQ. Telephone 01-698-9145; Telex: 268506.

Accommodation (boys and girls separate): in tents or dormitories. Bring blankets, sleeping bags and air mattresses. If possible, bring a tent (espe-cially at Easter). It is helpful to bring a **Bible**.

A good welcome for all will be possible if those who are able to do so choose the weeks at the start of July or end of August instead of the first week of August.

n the final day of the European Meeting, Brother Roger spoke about the Intercontinental Meetings in Taizé:

"To evangelise Europe, we are no longer just Europeans left to ourselves. With young people from Asia, Africa and Latin America, we will be very daring as we prepare the ways of the Lord Christ.

The 33 intercontinental meetings, from March to November, will make it possible to discover in the young people from the South the treasures of their faith and their committment, for they are often present in the wounds of the human family.

During these meetings the following themes will be brought up: How can we enlarge the hearts of Christians in an all-embracing common prayer? How can we create little communities everywhere, linked to the community of communities which is the parish? How can we share the resources of the earth more fairly?

For all those who are able, a second week will be necessary to prepare oneself personally and to deepen an inner life in communion with Christ, interiorise Christ's words: "Come, follow me".

33 intercontinental meetings in Taizé

During Summer 1987, a series of intercontinental meetings enabled young people of 97 nationalities to gather in Taizé. In 1988, 33 intercontinental meetings will take place, from Sunday to Sunday, from March 20 to November 6.

The bible introductions and the times of silence and sharing, let each person re-fuel their personal committment. Each day the young people of the southern continents welcome the other young people. Dialogue permits the discovery the even in the most troubled regions of the world; Haiti, Chile, Sri Lanka, the Phillipines, South Africa, Lebanon, young Christians pray, commit their lives and seek to be witnesses of trust on earth. Thus young people from the five continents can together deepen an inner life and human solidarities.

The welcome of the young people from the southern continents is possible with little means. Young Europeans undertake the cost of travel, with the help of their parishes, putting in a lot of imagination and effort.

After a time of preparation in Taizé, the young people of the southern continents go in small numbers accompanied by young Europeans to spend several weeks in European parishes. Coming from countries where the faith of young people is often more alive, they are participating in the birth of a springtime of the Church, through a new evangelisation of Europe.

Registration form to be sent to: Meetings, TAIZE-COMMUNITY, 71250 CLUNY, France. (Tel. 85.50.14.14)

NAME :													
FIRST NAME:													
ADDRESS:													
Tel.:													



Listening to the **CONTINENTS**

CENTRAL AMERICA

A young teacher from Central America arrived in Europe at the end of December. First of all, he was welcomed for ten days by a parish in Madrid, then he participated in the European Meeting in Rome. He told of his own way of life, the life of his small community, the "house of Nazareth" and how they decided to send someone to create a more visible link with the many other young "pilgrims of trust on earth".

"It was at the age of twenty, in Mexico, that I first read the Letter from Taizé. At that time, I was very much affected by the assasination of my father. He had been living in exile, and was arrested whilst trying to come back to our country.

I studied in Mexico.I went through some very dark moments there. The Church was for me a cold and distant reality, it was a period of doubt. From the moment that I discovered the Letter from Taizé. It became a first sign of hope for me.

Returning to my country, I suggested to a friend that we should live together in a very simple house. It would have been easier to remain with my family: I didn't have much money and it costs a lot to rent a house. In addition, it needed to be cleaned and repainted; it was an abandoned farmhouse. When I arrived there was only one cupboard, two stools and three planks of wood which became my bed during the first months.

After a good month's work, my friend had enough courage to come and join me. It was at this moment that the letter in which Brother Roger and Mother Teresa called each person to transform his or her home into a house of Nazareth arrived. The name of our house comes from this. A short time after this, we welcomed eight young people who had just been exiled from El Salvador. From the next day onwards the question arose: how are we going to find food for them? I told this to my pupils and it was them who brought rice, maize and vegetables. We lacked nothing. One day a widow came to ask us for help: she no longer had anywhere to live. We lent her a room. She lives there with her four children. Also, each day, morning and evening, about ten elderly people come to eat.

For the moment, we are three and we live by sharing our incomes. Each morning, we get up at five o'clock to pray together. At midday we go together to the mass at the cathedral and in the evenings, the prayer at our house is open to all. On Fridays we have a prayer of adoration around the cross.

We also have many links with our parish, where the priest places trust in us. The parish is made up of an urban part and a huge rural part with 90 small villages, arond twenty thousand people in all. The priest has a lot of trust in us and has entrusted about fifteen of these villages to two of us. The third works at the catechism centre. We visit each village once or twice a month. The nearest is six hours walk from our house, which means twelve hours there and back.

When we arrive in a village, we gather the young people together to share. This means above all a time of instruction on the Bible and in humanities, and of reflection on the sense of community and on prayer. We rely very much on the meditations in the *Letter from Taizé*. Then I meet with the catechists and give them a programme. It is they who then go to visit the houses, the sick, and who animate the the prayer throughout the week. In each little village there is a chapel where people pray every day. In each village, up to ten catechists share these tasks.

On feast days, we prepare with the catechists a celebration of the word and then a thanksgiving and offertory prayer. People always bring something from their gardens or the harvest for the poorest people of the village or elsewhere or for the old people or for the orphans. We can't stay overnight in the villages for there is much violence, sometimes soldiers or "guerilleros" arrive during the night... The situation is so tense that people don't want us to stay. Sometimes we wanted to insist on staying to have a prayer vigil, but they prefer that we leave.

Presently, the situation is changing a little: violence is being rejected. There has been much suffering, almost every family has been affected by the violence in one way or another. It has broken some and dispersed others in exile. Violence destroys our culture and values: not only life but the richness of life. We have undertaken a reflection on non-violence, with the examples of Gandhi, Luther King or Oscar Romero.

A hope has been born. We are searching how to go on in keeping a unity and maintaining trust. For example, the young people of families victimised by the army have started to visit soldiers in hospital, to bring them flowers. They were so touched and filled with joy. We believe that this is the only way that our people may live. A short time ago, two young people engaged in the campaign for peace were killed. When their assasination was discovered - they had also been tortured - all the groups of young people went in silence to the burial asking that the violence cease and human rights be respected. A new consciousness has been born in the groups who share the Word. We visited the families and that was the hardest: how can you ask a mother to be patient when her son has been killed? Because of this, we search for solidarity between the groups. During Lent last year, we made a pilgrimage of reconciliation through the whole

A service of legal aid is provided by the catholic university. The clinics and schools where most people go are animated by the Church. The Church calls upon us, the young people, and she supports us. At this time, there is a series of grants available to help young indians to study. I myself am working on an extra-mural programme which takes place outside of the university: my students are adult indians. The project is to help them to discover their richness, the values of their culture and their faith.

My arrival in Taizé is the fruit of the work of the group of animators and my community. F one year, fifty people have made economies pay for the plane ticket. It was difficult becau we don't have much money, we have to be food and also the materials for the catechism was a very important experience. Several time we could have used the money for other thing but it's such a long time since we joined the pil rimage of trust. For us it was important to join concretely. So we worked hard but on succeeded in collecting half the money for the til ket because the prices were rising... We decide to buy the ticket on credit, despite the high it terest rates. Then we chose who would be ser After a celebration and two hours of prayer, this priest drew by lots a name from an earthenwan jar. And it was my name that came out. When came to paying for the ticket, I was very nervou thinking of all that we lacked and what w would have been able to buy with the mone But this journey was necessary. It was like struggle to remain faithful, to continue as a pi grim. Fifty people accompanied me to th aeroport, five hours bus ride from our hous

Our faith has made us a into people, a sensitive people. When someone suffers, he is never alone, there is always solidarity. I have experenced this. A proof of it is the welcome I was given in Europe: it's as if I have already receive a hundred times over all that we gave in preparing this pilgrimage. I am more decided now that ever to continue on the path of faith and not the abandon the sources that God has placed within me: and also not to go forward alone. I know what it means to go forward in the darkness, know that the dawn often takes a long time to come. I am going to continue in my communit to pray and to seek the unity of the Kingdom of God.

It's really true that a springtime is coming. In our country, like many other countries in the South affected by poverty and violence for so long there is an ardent expectation of peace and justice, a springtime of life is preparing itself. Her in Europe, I grasped it at once during the European Meeting in Rome, we see a great thirst fo prayer, for trust. A springtime of the faith is arriving, a springtime of the Church.

Letter from Taizé

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